



**BBF-003-1204007**

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**M. Sc. (Sem. IV) (CBCS) Examination**

**July - 2021**

**Physics**

**(ET-11 : Electronics Communications)**

**Faculty Code : 003**

**Subject Code : 1204007**

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) All questions carry equal marks  
(2) Attempt any FIVE questions.  
(3) Figures to the right indicate marks.

**1**

**14**

- (i) Determine power density for a radiated power of 1000 W at distance of 20 km from an isotropic antenna.
- (ii) What are the normal modes of radio wave propagation ? Give range of frequencies used for each mode.
- (iii) Define look angles for a satellite.
- (iv) What will be the radio horizon of a transmitting antenna of height 100 meters?
- (v) Write a types of digital modulations.
- (vi) What is meant by Baud rate in digital modulation ?
- (vii) Define dynamic range for PCM.

**2**

**14**

- (i) Write a mathematical expression of snell's law with statement.
- (ii) Draw block diagram of optical fiber communication link.
- (iii) Explain why is single mode propagation impossible with graded index fiber.

- (iv) What do you mean by modes in context of wave guide?  
Explain TEM mode
- (v) List the four primary constants of transmission line
- (vi) Define transmission line. Show that it is bridge between circuit theory to electromagnetic theory.
- (vii) Draw cross sections of different types of transmission line with purpose.
- 3** Answer the following. **14**
- (1) Write a brief note on infinite transmission line with necessary expressions. Also, define secondary constants of transmission line.
- (2) Derive a transmission line equation.
- 4** Answer the following. **14**
- (1) Explain Physics of propagation of light through optical fiber.
- (2) Write a brief note on Classification of optical fiber.
- 5** Answer the following. **14**
- (1) Show that how a TE<sub>10</sub> wave can be formed by superposition of two TEM waves. Prove the relation:  
 $1/\lambda_g^2 = 1/\lambda^2 = 1/2a^2$  for a rectangular wave guide, where 'a' is broader dimension of rectangular waveguide.
- (2) Differentiate transmission line and wave guide. Write a note on rectangular waveguide.
- 6** Answer the following. **14**
- (1) Write a brief note on duct propagation and tropospheric scatter propagation in detail.
- (2) Write a note on ground wave radio propagation.
- 7** Answer the following. **14**
- (1) Write a note on FSK- transmitter and receiver with neat diagrams.
- (2) Describe BPSK technique of digital modulation in detail.

- 8** Answer the following. **14**
- (1) Discuss Quaternary Phase Shift Keying (QPSK) in detail.
  - (2) Derive an expression for free path loss and for a carrier frequency of 6 GHz and a distance of 50 km, determine the free space path loss.
- 9** Answer the following. **14**
- (1) What are the satellite orbital patterns and Write a note on geo-stationary satellite ?
  - (2) Draw the internal layout of a communication satellite and explain function of each section in detail including uplink & down link models and transponder.
- 10** Answer the following. **14**
- (1) How the virtual height of the ionosphere is measured ? What is secant law ? Explain skip distance and service range.  
Determine maximum usable frequency for a critical frequency of 20 MHz and an angle of elevation  $45^\circ$ .
  - (2) Explain ionospheric HF radio wave propagation hence explain the terms: Plasma and critical frequencies.
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